

MCSM1-01X | DATASHEET

Macro lens for 2/3" sensors, magnification from 0.1x to 1x, C-mount, Scheimpflug adjustment





SPECIFICATIONS

Optical specifications

The second secon		
Magnification range		0.1x - 1x
Image circle	(mm)	11
Max sensor size		2/3"
Working distance at 0.1x ¹	(mm)	271
Working distance at 1.0x ¹	(mm)	46
Focal length	(mm)	28
f/N		6.2
wf/N at $0.1x^2$		6.9
wf/N at 1.0x ²		12.5

Mechanical specifications

Mount		С
Max mount tilt	(°)	20
Phase adjustment		Yes
Length ³	(mm)	50.8
Width	(mm)	55.0
Height	(mm)	40.0
Front diameter	(mm)	23
Mass	(g)	164

¹ Working distance: distance between the front end of the mechanics and the object. Set this distance within $\pm 3\%$ of the nominal value for maximum resolution and minimum distortion.

KEY ADVANTAGES

Precision Scheimpflug mount

Image focus is retained across any tilted plane.

Compatible with any C-mount cameras

The back focal length meets the C-mount standard.

Application flexibility

Supports a wide range of magnification factors and viewing angles.

MCSM1-01X is a variable macro lens expressly designed for 3D measurement and imaging applications where the object plane is not perpendicular to the optical axis. A precise built-in adjustment mechanism allows the lens to accurately meet the Scheimpflug condition and to image tilted planes in perfect fo-

COMPATIBLE PRODUCTS

Full list of compatible products available here.



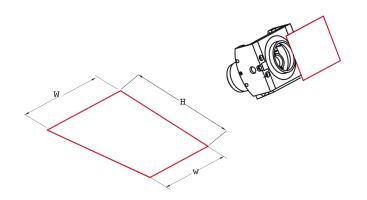
A wide selection of innovative machine vision components.

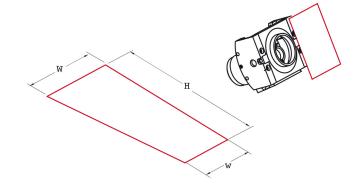
working f/N: the real f/N of a lens in operating conditions.

³ Measured from the front end of the mechanics to the camera flange.



MAGNIFICATION AND FIELD OF VIEW FOR 2/3" SENSOR (8.8mm x 6.6mm)





Field of View with detector's long side set horizontal

Field of View with detector's long side set vertical

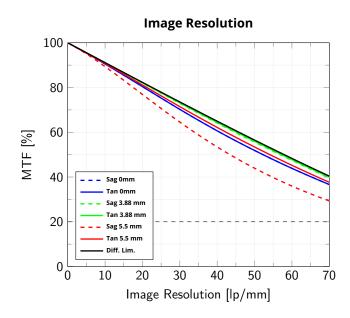
Mag WD ¹		f/N	w <i>f/N</i> ²	Obj Tilt Img Tilt	Long detector side horizontal		Long detector side vertical				
						w	W	Н	W	W	Н
(x)	(mm)			(°)	(°)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
1.00	46.0	6	12	0.0	0.0	8.8	8.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	8.8
				5.0	5.0	8.7	8.9	6.6	6.5	6.7	8.8
				10.0	10.0	8.6	9.0	6.6	6.4	6.8	8.8
				15.0	15.0	8.5	9.1	6.6	6.3	6.9	8.8
0.75	47.8	6	10	0.0	0.0	11.8	11.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	11.8
				7.5	5.7	11.6	12.0	8.9	8.7	9.0	11.8
				15.0	11.4	11.0	12.2	9.0	8.5	9.2	12.0
				20.0	15.3	11.0	12.3	9.1	8.4	3.4	12.1
0.50	59.6	6	9	0.0	0.0	18.0	17.7	13.0	13.0	13.2	17.7
				10.0	5.0	17.0	18.0	13.0	13.0	13.6	17.9
				20.0	10.4	17.0	18.4	14.0	13.0	14.0	18.6
				30.0	16.1	17.0	18.9	15.0	12.0	14.5	19.7
0.33	83.8	6	8	0.0	0.0	27.0	26.7	20.0	20.0	20.0	26.6
				15.0	5.1	26.0	27.4	21.0	19.0	20.9	27.6
				30.0	10.8	25.0	28.6	23.0	18.0	22.0	30.6
				45.0	18.3	24.0	30.1	27.0	17.0	23.6	36.7
0.20	135.3	6	7	0.0	0.0	44.0	44.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	44.0
				15.0	3.0	43.0	45.4	34.0	32.0	34.5	45.6
				30.0	6.7	41.0	47.2	38.0	30.0	36.3	50.9
				45.0	11.4	39.0	49.7	46.0	29.0	39.0	62.5
0.10	271.0	6	6.5	0.0	0.0	87.0	87.3	66.0	66.0	65.5	87.4
				15.0	1.6	85.0	90.2	68.0	63.0	68.4	90.6
				30.0	3.4	82.0	93.7	76.0	60.0	72.0	101.0
				45.0	5.8	78.0	98.9	93.0	57.0	77.6	126.0

 $^{^1}$ Working distance: distance between the front end of the mechanics and the object. Set this distance within $\pm 3\%$ of the nominal value for maximum resolution and minimum distortion.

² working f/N: the real f/N of a lens in operating conditions.



MAGNIFICATION 1.00x, OBJECT TILT 0°



Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) vs. Image Resolution, wavelength range 486 nm - 656 nm. Fields in legend are represented as distance from the center of the image

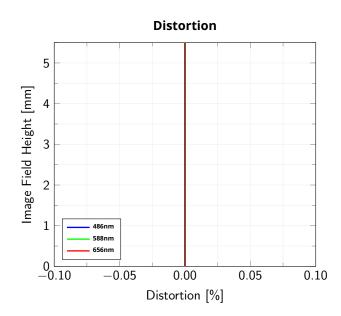
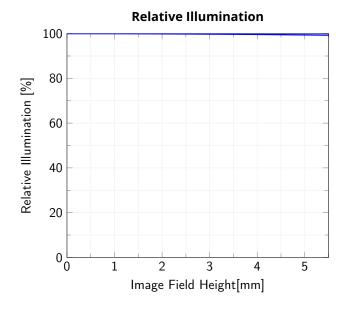
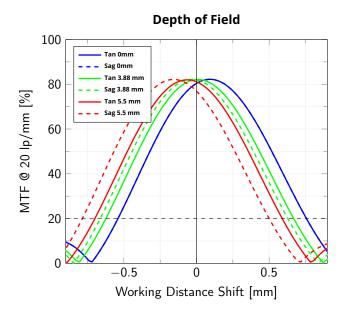


Image Field Height vs. Distortion, from the optical axis to the corner of the image

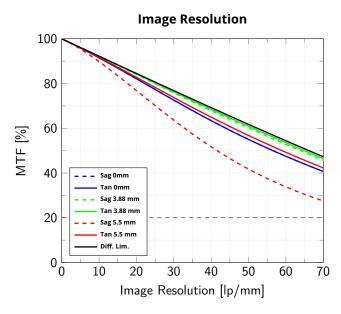


Relative illumination vs. Image Field Height, from the optical axis to the corner of the created image





MAGNIFICATION 0.75x, OBJECT TILT 0°



Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) vs. Image Resolution, wavelength range 486 nm - 656 nm. Fields in legend are represented as distance from the center of the image

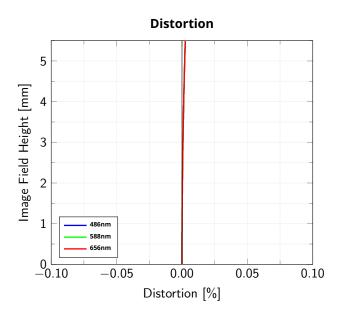
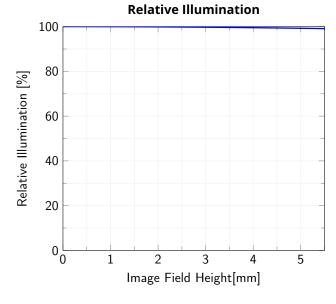
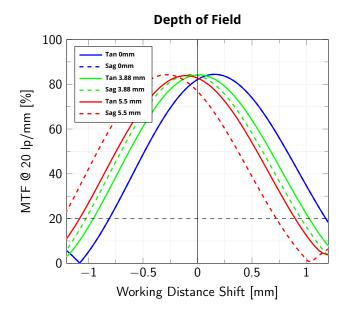


Image Field Height vs. Distortion, from the optical axis to the corner of the image

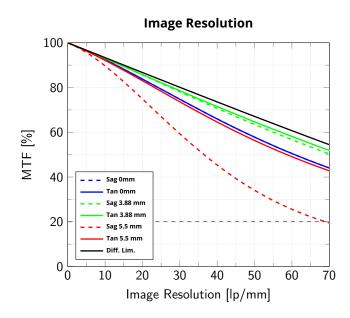


Relative illumination vs. Image Field Height, from the optical axis to the corner of the created image





MAGNIFICATION 0.50x, OBJECT TILT 0°



Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) vs. Image Resolution, wavelength range 486 nm - 656 nm. Fields in legend are represented as distance from the center of the image

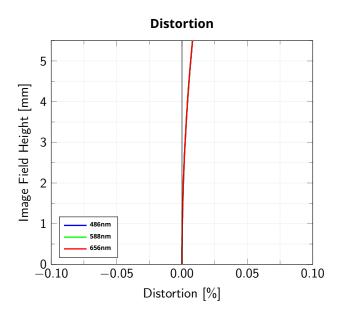
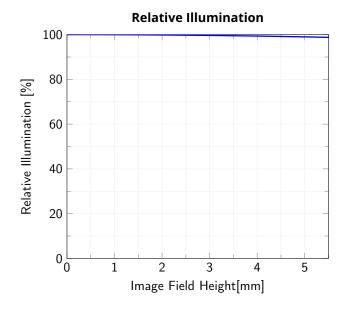
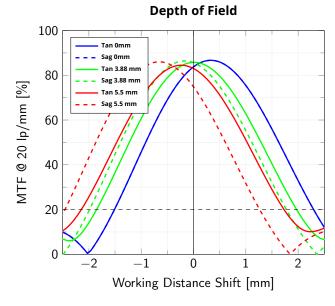


Image Field Height vs. Distortion, from the optical axis to the corner of the image

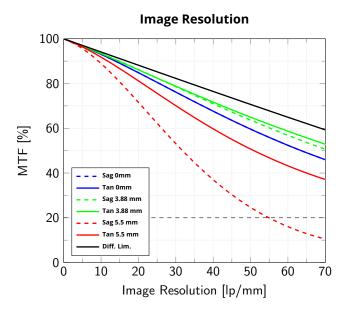


Relative illumination vs. Image Field Height, from the optical axis to the corner of the created image





MAGNIFICATION 0.33x, OBJECT TILT 0°



Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) vs. Image Resolution, wavelength range 486 nm - 656 nm. Fields in legend are represented as distance from the center of the image

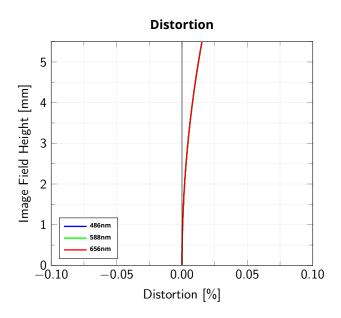
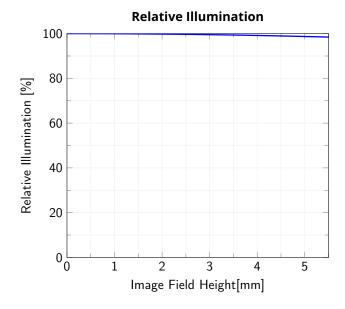
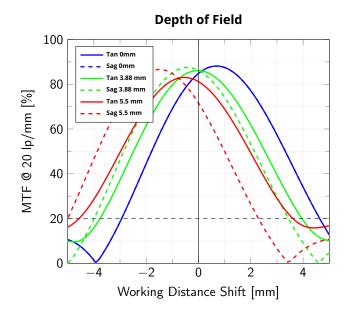


Image Field Height vs. Distortion, from the optical axis to the corner of the image

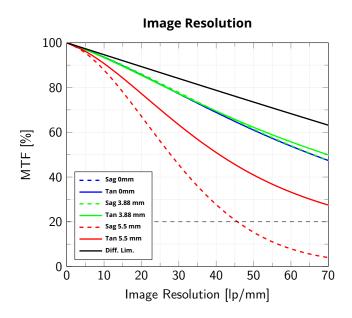


Relative illumination vs. Image Field Height, from the optical axis to the corner of the created image





MAGNIFICATION 0.20x, OBJECT TILT 0°



Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) vs. Image Resolution, wavelength range 486 nm - 656 nm. Fields in legend are represented as distance from the center of the image

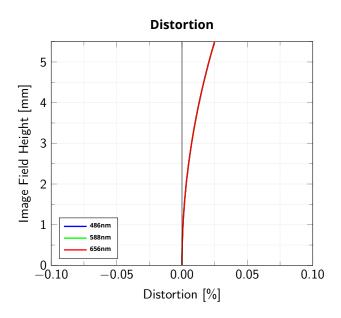
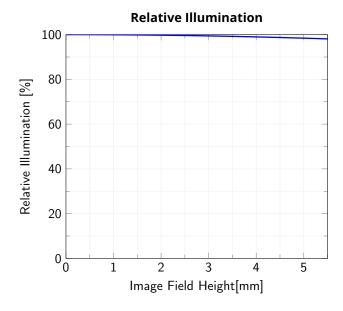
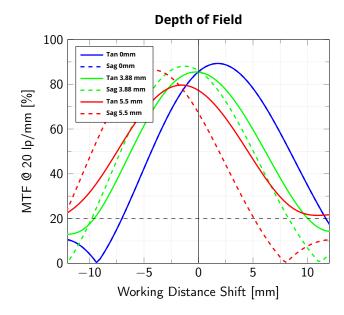


Image Field Height vs. Distortion, from the optical axis to the corner of the image

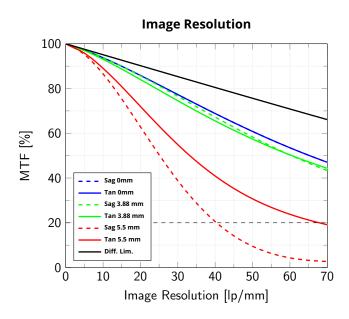


Relative illumination vs. Image Field Height, from the optical axis to the corner of the created image





MAGNIFICATION 0.10x, OBJECT TILT 0°



Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) vs. Image Resolution, wavelength range 486 nm - 656 nm. Fields in legend are represented as distance from the center of the image

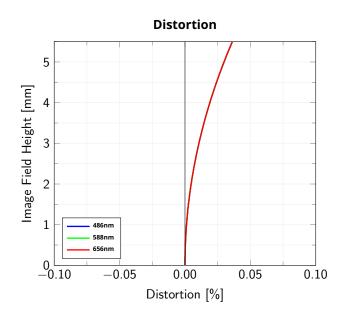
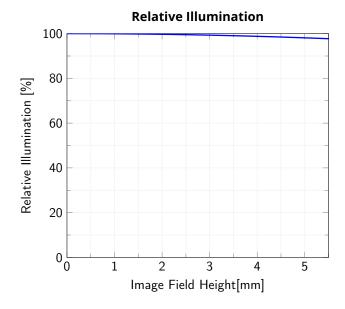


Image Field Height vs. Distortion, from the optical axis to the corner of the image



Relative illumination vs. Image Field Height, from the optical axis to the corner of the created image

